# THIRTIETH REPORT

OF THE

### DERBYSHIRE

# County Pauper Aunatic Asylum,

## FOR THE YEAR 1881.



### COMMITTEE OF VISITORS

Lieut.-Col. MOSLEY, Burnaston House, Derby (Chairman)

T. W. EVANS, Esq., M.P. Allestree Hall, Derby.

CHAS. EDMUND NEWTON, Esq., Mickleover Derby.

N. C. CURZON, Esq., Lockington Hall, Derby.

COLONEL NEWDIGATE, West Hallam, Derby.

Sir H. F. EVERY, Bart., Egginton Hall, Burton-on-Trent.

W. EVANS, Esq., Darley Abbey, Derby.

G. F. MEYNELL, Esq., Meynell Langley, Derby.

E. SUTTON, Esq., Shardlow Hall, Derby.

A. F. HURT, Esq., Alderwasley Hall, Derby.

REGINALD CHANDOS POLE, Esq., Radbourn Hall, Derby.

TREASURER..... GEORGE CROMPTON, Esq.

SUPERINTENDENT PHYSICIAN...... J. MURRAY LINDSAY, M.D., F.R.C.S.E., L.S.A.

HON. CONSULTING PHYSICIAN..... J. HITCHMAN, M.D., F.R.C.P.

Assistant Medical Officer .... W. W. Horton, M.B. C.M.

CHAPLAIN...... THE BEV. WM. FINDLEY.

CLERK AND STEWARD ...... MR. JOHN LANGLEY.

HOUSEKEEPER ...... MISS MARTIN.

CHIEF ATTENDANT ...... MR. JOHN ELLIOTT.

CHIEF NURSE ..... MISS WOODWARD.

B. SCOTT CURREY,

CLERK TO THE COMMITTEE.

# Report of the Visiting Committee.



Your Committee beg to present the Superintending Physician's Report with the usual Statistical Tables and detailed Accounts of Receipts and Expenditure for the year 1881.

The Committee have again to express their satisfaction with the conduct and arrangements of the Asylum, under the able superintendence of Dr. Lindsay and the other Officials.

(Signed)

ASHTON MOSLEY,

CHAIRMAN.

5th March, 1882.

# Report of the Commissioners in Lunacy.

DERBY COUNTY LUNATIC ASYLUM,

November 30th, 1881.

WE yesterday inspected this Asylum. The Patients are 429, of whom 398 are chargeable to Derbyshire Unions, 3 are out County cases, 2 of the private class, and 26 belong to Derby Borough, the males are 198, the females 231. Since our Colleagues visited in June 1880, the total admissions have been 208, those include 27 re-admissions, 92 were on the male, 116 on the female side. discharges have been 132, of which 77 were recoveries and in 5 instances the discharged had not exhibited insanity in the Asylum. Of those discharged, the male sex was represented by 55, the female by 77. Death has reduced the patients by 75, the men deceased being 5 in excess of the women. The Asylum is practically full; 2 patients only of each sex are absent on trial. The above figures show that the rate of recovery since last visit, as compared with the admissions, has been 37 per cent, and the mortality, calculated on the average daily number resident, has been we learn, at the rate of 12 per cent per annum. These ratios represent also, very nearly, the recovery and death rates for the year 1880; they are less favourable than the average rates in County Asylums. Post mortem examinations were made in all but 3 of the deaths. Coroners' inquests were held in two cases viz :- Upon a man suffocated by turning upon his face in bed, in an Epileptic fit, and upon a woman, found dead at night, her death being due to "Heart disease and Maniacal exhaustion," but whose sudden death was not expected. particulars of both these cases were, at the time, communicated to our board, and as regards the former, a correspondence took place in which the Commissioners' views were expressed as to the inadequacy of the existing arrangements for the night supervision

of the Epileptic Patients; which at our visit yesterday, we found unaltered. Although the mortality has been high, no exceptional disease has prevailed. It is fortunate that this has been the case, since no detached hospital exists for the isolation of Patients attacked by infectious maladies, and we again desire to bring this deficiency to the notice of the Committee.

The Patients in bed yesterday were 3 males and 2 females. The case of one of the men is very serious. He was at the time of our visit, and had been since 5 p.m. on the previous day, in a state of insensibility, and as far as we could ascertain from the effect of a blow or blows inflicted upon him in a fight with other Patients in Ward No. 2. We interrogated the 3 Attendants of the Ward and 5 Patients, each of them apart from the other, heard the statements of the Medical Officers, and read the Case Book entries upon the subject, as well as the documents and certificates given for two admissions of the injured man into the Asylum in 1872, and again in 1879. We gather that he, Samuel Jacques, a young man, came to the Asylum on both occasions from Prison, that he had been a Convict, and had also, according to his own statements been in the Army, and in other Asylums. He seems here to have been aggressive towards his fellow Patients, and he was previously reported to have been dangerous and violent in prison. fights took place in the Wards, which he provoked. On the last occasion, when he was injured, he seems to have attacked and to have been assailed by several violent Epileptics, he is not himself an Epileptic. One of the 3 Attendants was off duty at that time, but came in from an adjoining room, and was able to give some assistance towards parting the combatants. From which of the Patients, Jacques, who was felled, and immediately became unconscious, sustained his serious injury, we cannot discover, nor can we bring home blame to any of the Attendants, but the event clearly shows that, never less than 3 Attendants should be on duty in Ward No. 2, where are 34 Patients of an unruly class, 9 being Epileptics, and not a few excitable and prone to violence.

The Staff of Attendants by day, independently of a Chief for each division, consists of 17 men, and 19 women, and for night duty there are 2 of each sex, one on each side being in night charge of the worst Epileptics, and some of the suicidally disposed. This Staff appears to be adequate in number when all are on duty, but on "Sundays out" which occur once a month to all, and on other holidays, as well as during occasional absences from sickness, it appears to us to be insufficient. This is also Dr. Lindsay's opinion, and we reccommend the appointment of at least one supernumerary for each division.

Examining the Medical Journal, we find no entry of the use of Mechanical restraint, or of seclusion since the last visit. The Patients registered as under Medical treatment for bodily disorders last week, were 9 males and 17 females. The names of Patients who have sustained injuries are entered, and the particulars are given in a Casualty Book, which we have also examined. Injuries caused by Patients quarrelling with each other have been rather frequent, and in several instances, ribs have been fractured, the Patients however having recovered under Surgical treatment. These injuries support our previous remarks upon the numerical insufficiency of Attendants.

As we passed through the Wards, there was some noisy excitement in one gallery on the female side, but otherwise good order prevailed throughout. The Patients were suitably dressed and clean, and tidy in person and clothing, and we had scarcely any complaints to hear. We noticed several Convalescent Patients who will shortly be discharged, and from every one of these, as well as from many of the Chronic class, we received in answer to our enquires, replies favourable to the Institution, as regards care and kindness shown by the Officers and Attendants.

The number attending Divine Service on Sundays, 229 of both sexes, are much the same as at last visit. Similar numbers attend, it appears the weekly and other associated Entertainments. The means of amusement for the Patients seem to be liberally provided.

As regards employment, 106 men and 140 women are returned to us as usefully occupied, 52 of the former working upon the farm, and 54 in shops and offices, whilst 112 of the women are engaged in needle and domestic work, 28 in the laundry. About 150 of both sexes go for walks in the Country weekly, 60 males and 50 females take exercise daily beyond the airing courts, these do not include the men employed on the farm. Such arrangements leave as many as 136 men and 180 women who do not go daily beyond the airing courts, a number we should be glad to see materially reduced by a daily system of extended exercise upon the estate.

The Wards yesterday were clean, bright, and cheerful, the beds and bedding had proper attention. Improvements have been made in many of the water closets, and are in contemplation as regards those not yet altered. The most objectionable closets are those in the Junction Wards of Nos. 2 and 5 in each division. In some few instances the Lavatories and Urinals have been disconnected from the drains, but this Sanitary precaution has as yet not been carried out with the Bath and Sink waste pipes.

Many additions, alterations, and improvements have taken place since the last visit, among the most important have been the abolition of the Gas Works, and the erection of new Joiner's, Painter's, Plumber's, and Smith's shops on the site of those works, Gas is now supplied to the Asylum by the Mickleover and Etwall Gas Company.

A Fire Brigade consisting of Attendants and a few trustworthy Patients has now been organized, and occasional drills are held with the External Hydrants: no such drill however has yet been established with the Internal |Hydrants, and we recommend this to be done.

We cannot learn that any fresh negotiation has taken place between the Derby Borough Authorities and the Asylum Committee in view to Union for Lunatic Asylum purposes, at one time agreed upon, but from which agreement the Borough Authorities withdrew.

The Derby Patients in this Asylum are being gradually reduced in number by deaths and discharges, no fresh admissions from the Borough having taken place.

The purchase of the additional land referred to at the last visit, as being then proposed, has since been completed, the entire Asylum estate now consists of 101 acres.

JOHN D. CLEATON,

Commissioners
IN
LUNACY.

# Reports of Beputations of Boards of Guardians.

### CHESTERFIELD.

3rd June, 1881.

We, the undersigned, being a Deputation from the Chesterfield Board of Guardians, have this day visited the County Asylum, and have personally inspected the Institution and Patients chargeable to their Union. We have great pleasure in bearing testimony to the efficiency and management of the Institution, and to the attention bestowed on the Inmates, and beg to thank Dr. Lindsay and Mr. Langley for their kindness in explaining the arrangements, and conducting us over the establishment.

### DERBY.

August 8th 1881.

We, the undersigned Guardians of the Derby Union, have this day visited the Patients in the Derby County Asylum, and seen the whole of the Wards. We have great pleasure in stating that the Patients appear in good health, well attend to, and seem to be treated with great kindness and consideration. We have also pleasure in stating that the general arrangements of the Asylum appear to be convenient and satisfactory in every way. We also beg to thank Mr. Langley and Dr. Horton, for the trouble they have taken in explaining the arrangements of the Asylum.

### BASFORD.

August 12th, 1881.

A Deputation from the Basford Board of Guardians, have this day visited the Derby County Asylum, and inspected the Inmates belonging to their Union. Having been shown over the several Wards, the Committee are perfectly satisfied with the arrangements,

and that the inmates are well cared for. They beg to thank Dr. Horton and the other Officers for their courtesy in accompanying them on their inspection.

### BURTON-ON-TRENT.

3rd February, 1882.

The Burton-on-Trent Union, have this day visited the Patients in the Mickleover County Lunatic Asylum, and inspected the whole of the Wards, and have great pleasure in testifying to the very efficient management and excellent sanitary arrangements, and have pleasure in stating that the Inmates appear to be exceedingly well cared for; and wish to express our thanks to Dr. Lindsay and the Officers for the courtesy and attention we have received.

# Report of the Medical Superintendent.

TO THE COMMITTEE OF VISITORS OF THE DERBY COUNTY ASYLUM.

### GENTLEMEN-

I beg to submit the Thirtieth Report of the Asylum for the year 1881.

On 31st December, 1880, the Asylum contained 404 Patients. The Admissions during the year have been 151, the Discharges have been 72, and the Deaths have been 53, leaving 430 Patients in the Asylum at the close of the year, which shows an increase of 26 upon the number remaining at the end of the previous year.

Of the 430 Patients remaining in the Asylum on 31st December last, 398 (191 Males and 207 Females) belong to the County showing an increase of 26 (8 Males and 18 Females) upon the number of Derbyshire Patients remaining at the close of the previous year. 25 Patients (8 Males and 17 Females) belong to the Borough of Derby, being a decrease of 6 (1 Male and 5 Females) upon the number of Borough Patients remaining at the end of the previous year, due to removal by discharge or death, for there have been no Admissions of Borough Patients during the past year. There are 5 Out-County Patients (2 Males and 3 Females), and 2 Female Private Patients, making up the total of 430 on 31st December.

Comparing the Admissions of the last two years we find-

(1) Of the Admissions during the past year, 146 (67 Males and 79 Females) were from the County, compared with 135 (67 Males and 68 Females) in 1880, which shows an increase of 11 Females in the number of Derbyshire Admissions. In 1880 there

was an increase of 3, and in 1879 an increase of 6 in the number of Derbyshire Admissions compared with the preceding year.

From the foregoing figures it will be seen that there is a preponderance in favour of Females, both as regards the accumulating number of those remaining at the close of the year, and the increase in the year's admissions.

- (2) Only 3 Out-County Patients (1 Male and 2 Females) from Lancashire were admitted during the year, compared with 21 admissions from the Borough and County of Nottingham in 1880, who were removed to their own Asylums on the opening of the Nottingham Borough Asylum.
- (3) 2 Female Private Patients were admitted during the year, compared with one Private admission in 1880.

At the close of the year the total accommodation amounted to 432 Beds, 201 for Men and 231 for Women, of which number there were only two vacant beds in the Female division, the Male division being full, compared with 28 vacant Beds at the corresponding period of the previous year. The removal of all the Borough and Out-County Male Patients will afford very little spare room, only 10 beds, for Derbyshire Male cases, and the spare accommodation available by the removal of all the Borough and Out-County Female Patients will probably only suffice, at the present rate of increase, for the requirements of the County for about 12 or 18 months.

It would therefore appear that the question of making further provision for the Lunatics (especially for Males) belonging to the County cannot be much longer deferred.

Of the 430 Patients remaining in the Asylum at the close of the year, not more than 41 (20 Males and 21 Females), or 9.53 per cent. are deemed Curable, this number including several doubtful cases.

Admissions.—The admissions of the past year have been 151, being a decrease of 7 compared with the previous year,

which is entirely due to the smaller number of Out-County admissions, for there has actually been an increase of 11 in the number of Derbyshire admissions as already referred to.

Amongst the admissions there were 21 Epileptics, tending to swell the increasing number of Epileptics remaining in the Asylum. At the close of the year, 86 Epileptics (45 Males and 41 Females) remained in the Asylum, compared with 75 in 1880, being in the large proportion of one-fifth of the total number of Patients. The number of Epileptics, who are frequently of a dangerous, troublesome, and unfavourable class, in an Asylum, must add greatly to the difficulties of management, and cannot but exercise an important part in the working of the Institution with regard to recovery and death-rates, excitement and casualties. Any one acquainted with the working of Asylums knows there are great differences in the proportion of Epileptics in the various County and Borough Asylums.

The youngest Patient admitted was an Imbecile Boy, 13 years of age, for whom a Lunatic Asylum is not the best place, but there appears to be no Idiot or Imbecile Asylum available where young Pauper Idiots and Imbeciles belonging to Derbyshire might derive the benefit of special training and education. This is unquestionably a want which it is very desirable to meet.

The admissions of the past year have been of a very unfavourable class, as regards prospect of recovery. Table 7 will show that in nearly two-thirds of the cases admitted the attack of Insanity had lasted upwards of three months prior to admission. It is with regret I feel compelled to draw attention to what appears to be an increasing tendency on the part of relatives and Parochial Authorities to make use of the Asylum not so much for the Purpose of an Hospital with a view to cure, as for the purposes of a refuge and last resort, a place of detention, and even in some cases it would appear as if the Asylum was utilised more as a final resting place than for any other object. In reply to questions put by the Asylum Medical Officers as to the reason for delaying to send Patients to the

Asylum, the answers too frequently are to the following effect, he or she "was not bad enough for the Asylum," "we kept him at home as long as we could until we could manage him no longer," "we waited to see whether he would get better, but he gets worse, and we cannot do with him now," "I kept her at home for two years, but I am out of work now and I cannot afford to keep her." Such cases as the last might be, and probably would be, treated and cared for in a Workhouse Infirmary but for the operation of the Government grantin-aid, the effect of which is prejudicial to the interests of Asylums as in some instances at least offering an inducement to Workhouse and Parochial Authorities not to undertake the trouble of Chronic, Imbecile, or hopeless cases so long as such cases can be sent to and admitted in the Asylum. In other cases Patients are sent to the Asylum Paralysed, greatly debilitated, and in a precarious state of health, or they are detained at home until the Malady has assumed a Chronic form, until some act of violence has been committed, or they become troublesome in their habits. With such cases any idea of cure is too frequently an utter impossibility; and until the Public become more enlightened and show a better appreciation of the purposes of an Hospital, and the benefits to be derived from Hospital care and treatment, a diminished recovery-rate and a high death-rate may be expected.

Frequent applications continue to be made for the admission of Private Patients, which however, cannot be met, there being no separate accommodation for this class, and at present very little spare room. These applications show that there is a want of suitable accommodation to meet the case of the Lower Middle-class whose friends are able and willing to pay a moderate sum, but whose means do not enable them to pay the charges in Private Asylums.

With reference to the principal causes of Insanity in those admitted, histories of the cases more or less complete having been obtained in every case but one, Table 10 will show that hereditary predisposition was ascertained in nearly 25 per cent. a lower proportion than the previous year. In 21 per cent. there had been

previous attacks of Insanity, and Intemperance was assigned as the cause in nearly 13 per cent. being the same proportion as the previous year. "Salvation Army" excitement is credited with some share in causing the Insanity of two Patients, both young and of low intellectual Calibre.

DISCHARGES.—72 Patients were discharged, of whom 54 recovered, 12 were discharged to the care of their relatives or friends, 2 to other Asylums, 3 not Insane, and one escaped. The noteworthy feature in the discharges is that there have been considerably fewer removals to Workhouses and other Asylums during the past year compared with the number in 1880.

The recoveries are at the rate of 37.2 per cent. on the admissions, excluding transfers from other Asylums, 32.3 per cent. for men and 41.2 per cent. for women, being about the same proportion as the recovery-rate of the previous year which was 37.5 per cent. Spread over a longer period, and calculated on the total admissions of the last thirty years, since the opening of the Asylum, Table 4 will show a higher recovery-rate, close on 40 per cent. (39.97 per cent.) If we examine the recovery-rate more closely in connection with the admissions, we find that only 39 per cent of the men and 45 per cent. of the women were curable cases, and that 80 per cent of the probably curable male admissions, and 90 per cent of the probably curable female admissions were discharged recovered during the past year, leaving some of the probably curable admissions of 1881, remaining in the Asylum at the close of the year who may appear in the recovery list of the following year.

DEATHS.—The Deaths amount to 53, or at the rate of 12.9 per cent. on the daily average number resident, being nearly the same as the death-rate of the previous year which was 12.8 per cent. Calculated on the total number under treatment during the year, the death-rate is 9.7 per cent. in 1881 compared with 9.2 per cent in 1880. In explanation of the high mortality, and as showing the extremely unfavourable nature of the cases admitted, the most significant fact worthy of record is the very high proportion of deaths

within 12 months of admission, in 21 of whom, over a third, the admission and death took place the same year 1881, some only surviving their removal to the Asylum a few days or a few weeks. More than a third of those who died were in advanced years, from 55 to 77 years of age.

The Average age at death was 49 years. In 1880 it was 51, and in 1879 it was 46. The youngest who died was 19 years of age.

With regard to the causes of death, ascertained by post-mortem examination in all except 2 cases, being 96 per cent, of the deaths, the chief cause of death, after Cerebral diseases, was General Paralysis. The diseases of the nervous system account for 38 deaths, being more than two-thirds of the total mortality, leaving 15 due to other causes, of which number Pulmonary Consumption accounts for 7. Pleurisy and Pneumonia 4, and Heart-disease the remaining 4.

There has been one Inquest during the year, in the case of S. J. who died on 14th December, from Cerebral Concussion Congestion and Effusion, with fracture at base of Skull consequent on injuries and a fall inflicted by a Patient or Patients on the 28th November.

The Verdict of the Coroner's Jury was to the effect that the death of S. J. was caused by an Epileptic Patient W. S. who was "not of sound mind, memory and understanding," and that it was done "not feloniously nor of his malice aforethought." Particulars of this case are given in the Report of the Commissioners in Lunacy, which is printed in front of the Annual Report.

During the past year deputations from four Boards of Guardians, Chesterfield, Derby, Basford, and Burton-on-Trent, visited the Patients in the Asylum chargeable to their Unions.

There has been an addition to the Staff of two Supernumerary-Attendants, one for each division, as suggested by the Lunacy Commissioners, to take the place of those who are off duty, absent on leave or ill. The proportion of Attendants to Patients (excluding Chief and Night-Attendants) is now 1 to 11 in Male division, and 1 to 11½ in Female division. If the Chief-Attendants are included, the proportion is a little higher, viz:—1 to 10½ for Male and 1 to 11

for Females. This Staff is considered adequate in number when all are on duty, and is probably at least quite up to the average proportion at other Pauper Asylums.

A slight addition has been made to the pay of some of the Staff. A gratuity of £5 per annum is now given to the Chief Nurse for officiating at the harmonium in Chapel; the Cook's wages have been increased; an allowance of 2s. per week is now given to the Baker in lieu of lodging and washing, and an increased gratuity has been given to the Band.

In June last the Committee sanctiened a form of "Obligation" to be signed by all Attendants, Servants, and Workmen employed at the Asylum.

In the beginning of the year the Committee were enabled to reduce the Maintenance charge 3d. per Patient per week, viz:—from 11s. to 10s. 9d., at which rate it still remains.

The important question of a detached Hospital for other special provision for the proper isolation and treatment of infectious diseases has been under consideration of the Committee, who caused inquiries to be made, and have now obtained information from other Asylums, showing that in the majority of Asylums from which replies were received there is some special provision, by detached building or otherwise, for infections diseases, should such unfortunately occur. It is most desirable to make such provision at this Asylum, especially as there is no spare accommodation available, so that in the time of emergency and danger the Asylum may not be found wanting but prepared to meet it.

The questions of the Lightning Conductors, Fire Insurance on additional buildings and Consolidation of Policy of Insurance have also been under the consideration of the Committee.

Amongst the additions, alterations, and improvements during the year may be mentioned.

(1) Additional land, the purchase of 7a. 1r. 15p. of Prime's

land, known as "the Hills," adjoining the Asylum estate to the South West, at £70 per acre, and the value of the timber, approved by Quarter Sessions on 18th October, and sanctioned by the Lunacy Commissioners and Home Secretary in November.

The total quantity of land belonging to the Asylum Estate now consists of 101a. 2r.39p., the original Estate consisted of 78a.0r. 34p.

- (2) Addition of four W. C's. to, alteration and improvement of W. C's. in, No. 2 and 5 Male Wards.
- (3) Alteration, improvement, and better ventilation of W. C's in No. 7 Male and Female Wards, and of W. C's. leading from the large Dormitories in No. 3 and 4 Female Wards.
- (4) The removal of the dark confined, and badly ventilated W. C's. in the junctions of No. 2 and 5 Female Wards, referred to in last Report of the Lunacy Commissioners, the conversion of these places into properly ventilated store closets for clothes, much wanted, and the construction of improved and properly ventilated W. C's. in the adjoining commodious Lavatories. Similar alterations and improvements are in process of being carried out in the corresponding Wards on the Male side.
- (5) Sanitary improvements of the Lavatories and Sculleries in No. 3 and 4 Female Wards, by more perfect trapping, disconnecting the waste-pipes from the sewer, making them deliver outside over open gratings, and carrying a ventilating pipe from the waste 18 inches above the slates of roof. Similar improvements will be effected throughout the Asylum, the Lavatory, Sink, and Bath waste-pipes are being gradually disconnected from the Soil pipe or Sewer, and made to deliver outside over open gratings.
- (6) Linoleum has been laid down in Day Rooms and Galleries of No. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, Male Wards, and No. 1, 2, 4, 6, Female Wards. Linoleum has also been laid down in Day Rooms of No. 1 Male Ward, and No. 3 and 5 Female Wards.
- (7) Addition of 74 volumes of interesting and instructive Books to the Asylum Library.

With regard to the occupation of the Patients, another year's experience of the new Workshops, the enlarged Kitchen and Laundry, has proved their convenience and usefulness, facilitating an increase in the number of Patients employed.

The Amusements and Recreations of the Patients continue to be varied, and to receive all due attention. In addition to the Entertainments given in the Asylum, parties of both sexes attend occasional Entertainments in the Village School Room.

Amongst those who have contributed to the happiness and enjoyment of the Patients, we have to thank the "Derby Star Minstrels," Mr. T. Godrich and Party, the "Derby Sax Tuba Band," Mr. W. H. Orme and Party, and the "1st Derby Rifle Volunteer Band," for Concerts so kindly given—the "Derby Amateur Dramatic Society" for a Dramatic Entertainment, ably performed and greatly appreciated; Miss Every for a Book of Pictures and Ferns for the use of the Patients; and a Lady, formerly an inmate, who for the last two years at Christmas time has very considerately and very generously sent a large box of Oranges for distribution to the Patients. We are also greatly indebted to Captain Cockcraft, who has so frequently contributed, by his Musical and Dramatic abilities, to the Entertainment of the Patients.

Small parties of both sexes have attended Service in the Village Church on Sunday; and large parties of Patients continue to take weekly walks in the Season outside the Asylum grounds.

On 29th November the Asylum was inspected by two of the Commissioners in Lanacy, whose Report is appended.

I have to thank my Colleague, Dr. Horron, for his assistance in the Medical work of the Institution, and in the preparation of the Statistical Tables. His musical and other abilities are also willingly and kindly employed in contributing to the happiness and amusement of the Patients.

To Mr. Langley, the Steward, who is assisted by his son, to the Chief-Attendants, Housekeeper, and Engineer, my acknowledgments are also due for able Services and co-operation in their respective departments.

Other information of a Statistical and Medical nature will be found in the Statistical tables appended.

In a special appendix will also be found six tables I have prepared, and printed with this Report at the suggestion of the Chairman of the Committee, Colonel Mosley, giving the result of the Census taken on 4th April last, which may be of some interest, and will at least serve as a record and basis of comparison with future Census Statistics.

In Census Table 1 it will be seen that the total Asylum resident population amounted to 479, of whom 397 were Patients. shows an increase of 52 in the total Asylum population since the previous Census in 1871, of whom 29 (11 Males and 18 Females) were Patients. From these figures it would appear that for the last 10 years there has only been an average annual increase of 3 Patients. It would, however, be very misleading to take these figures as indicating either the number of Derbyshire Lunatics or the proportionate increase of Lunacy in the County, for Borough, Out-County and other Patients have been admitted during this decennial period to fill up the spare room. In illustration of this I may refer to the fact that for one year alone, the past year 1881, the increase in the total number of Patients was 26, being nearly as many as the total increase of the previous 10 years, from April 1871 to April 1881, and this number represents the accumulating increase of Derbyshire Patients that has taken place during the last year.

Table II shows the mental condition or classification of the Patients as Lunatic 328, Imbecile 41, Idiot 28, Total 397.

Table III shows the Birth places of Patients (County and Country.) It will be seen that 261, or nearly three-fourths of the total number, were born in Derbyshire, 49, or about one-eighth, were born in other English Counties, making a total of 310 born in England. 11 were born in Ireland, 1 in Scotland, 1 in America, 1 in Germany, and in 73 cases the birth place was unknown or unascertained.

Table VI gives the ages of the Patients in quinquennial periods,

a noticeable feature being that 198, just one-half of the total number, are above middle life, from 45 to 85 years of age, as many as 120 being in advanced years from 55 to 85 years of age. In April last, when preparing this Table, I remarked "this has an important bearing upon the recovery and Mortality rates. These figures and Statistics would prepare us to expect a low recovery-rate (unless the new admissions are of a more favourable class) and a high death-rate." This prediction has unfortunately been verified by the results of the past year.

Table V shows the condition as to Marriage, from which it would appear that the unmarried state is favourable to insanity, but other circumstances must be taken into account in considering this question.

Table VI shows that the occupations are very various, including as many as 64 different kinds of occupation, and amongst them a Clergyman of the Church of England, and a Surgeon, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons of England.

As might naturally be expected in this County, the principal occupations of the men are connected with Agriculture and Coal Mining, which stand first in the list, accounting for more than a third of the total occupations.

With regard to the Female occupations, Domestic Servants hold the foremost place, as many as 48, nearly a fourth of the total number, belong to this class. Cotton Factory hands come next, 20 in number, Needlewomen occupy the third place, 14 in number, Schoolmistresses and Governesses coming fourth in order.

It now only remains for me to express my thanks to the Chairman and Committee of Visitors for their valuable aid and kind support in the management of the Asylum during the past year.

I have the honour to be,

Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

J. MURRAY LINDSAY, M.D.

MICKLEOVER,

February, 1882.

# STATISTICAL TABLES.

MEDICAL STATISTICS.

TABLE 1.—Showing the Admissions, Re-admissions, Discharges, and Deaths during the Year 1881.

				M.	F.	Total
In the Asylum on January 1st, 1881	•	•	•	192	212	404
ADMISSIONS.	M.	F	Total.			
Admitted for first time during the year	65	70	132			
Re-admitted during the year	7	12	19	69	. 82	151
Total number under treatment during the year	•	:	•	261	294	555
DISCHARGES AND DEATHS.						
Recovered	21	33	54			
Relieved	ಣ	70	<u></u>			
Not Improved	4	က	<u> -</u>			
Not Insane	-	2	က			•
Died	31	22	53			
Total Discharged and Died during the year	•	•	•	09	65	125
Remaining in the Asylum on December 31st, 1881	31	•	•	201	229	430
Average numbers resident during the year	•	•		193	216	409

MEDICAL STATISTICS

TABLE 2.—Showing the Admissions, Re-admissions, Discharges, and Deaths, from the Opening of the Asylum, 21st August, 1851, to 31st December, 1881.

ADMISSIONS. M.			-147		Total.
	Fi	Total.			.1
Admitted for the first time since the opening of the Asylum 1750	1617	3367			•
Re-admitted 226	196	422			
Total of Admissions	:	•	1976	1813	3789
DISCHARGES AND DEATHS.					
:	786	1507			
Relieved	170	315			
Not Improved 164	129	293			
Died	499	499   1244			
Total of Discharges and Deaths, from the opening of the Asylum in 1851	the As	ylum	1775	T C C	2000
Remaining in the Asylum on December 31st, 1881		o o o	201	229	
Average numbers resident during 30 years	•	•	161	167	328

# MEDICAL STATISTICS.

TABLE 3.—Showing the Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths, with the mean Annual Mortality, and Proportion of Recoveries per cent. of the Admissions for each year, since the opening of the Asylum, 21st August, 1851.

		220	20. 37.	v	S . 40. Jr	- Trailer	Butter C.			Z	-	2 74	- 4					_			**		_							. 04
ge of on num-	Tot.	16.3	15.4	15.4	7.1	10.0		ω c 4, τ	100	12.0	10.0	10.0	20.00		13.0	11.7	13.5	10.5	10.4	11.1	13.0	144	17.7	14.	16.4			•	-	
Per centage of Deaths on Average num- bers Resident.	F.	14.8	11.8		4 1 5 0			5.7	11.9	10.2		11.7	12.4 4.21		7. c		11.9		7.1						10.0 20.0	•		10.2	• 1	
	M.	17.6	18.1	0	16.3		12.6	11.3	<u> </u>	13.7		<b>20</b> r	-	$\supset$	100 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	12.03	15.2	0			•	۰	7.07	10.1		23.6	17.0	16.0	70.0	-
e of les	Tot.	16.0	40.5	32.4	30 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	50.00	50.6	40.9	46.6	34.1	48.6	48.6	42.2	ひ ら う う う う	46.8 2.0	ZO.07	4. rc	45.4		0	47.7	$\dot{\infty}$	хó т			Ö 1		36.0	-	
er centage of Recoveries Admissions	F	17.7	45.6		40.2	λ. τ. σ.		40.9	43.7	22.2	8.5 8.0 9.0	25.00 00.00	50.6	00	<u></u>	0 4	38.4	000	36.7	60.4	54.7	41.0	0 0 0 0 0	$\overline{\infty}$	43.4	•		40.7	l l	-
Per centage of Recoveries on Admissions.	M.	14.6	87.8	31.5	9.0	4 K	<u> </u>	<u>ئ</u>	S.	4.			<del>-</del> i (	$\infty$		4, 0	ی د	07	4		0	4.	$\infty$		32.0		•	31.18		
	Tot.	98	175	10 to	260	3m-101,794	-elitherions.	uspywor.	german	or intropers	מליפית ייינו	et desc	ac-recogn.c	· 1000	mar seems or		*********	95 + Yes +0	الماد المناسخ		e+melin	CT 72-128	e mary	-	<b>10</b> (	422	<u> </u>	414	- arreste	1000000
Average Numbers Resident.	F	47	92		126	7 cc											183							209	220	219	212	217	OTE	
Av Nu Re	M.	51	66	108	134	1957 1357	134	132	144	153	154	154	155	166	166	100	180	191	182	181	173	175 175	191	192	205	203	202	197	130	_
of of	Tot.	152	223	233	277	0/7	261	279	287	318	323	310	323	542	33	999	262	38.0	880	998	35 5 6 6 7	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	000	419	428	422	414	404	430	التهند
Remaining of Dec. 31st of each year.	F	89	80			141 127	- 0		42	57	20	20					2 5 2 5 2 5										215	212	677	
Remai Dec. a	M.	84	143		135	130	131	136	145	161	153	149												- 5	C-02			192	-	_
	Tot.	16	27	22	80 0				TO SE	SE SE	2 No. 1		53.00	A SHE ST			F-16-50				ere e	4-07Mg/	<b>*</b> * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	心落室	3. 15 E	- Andrews	20	က ယ င	00	1944
Died.	Fi	7	6	10	9 1	<u>~</u> [	14	$\infty$	17	15	15	20	27	ກຸ		T -	66 66	61	14	15	11	220	26	ය දුර	24	23 23	36	200	77	499
-	M.	6	18	22	22	7 0	17	15	11	21	27	28	8	$\infty$	23	30	4. α 4. α	212	25	26	29	24	32	က္က	36	48	34	က - က င	10	745
ved.	Tot.	_	6	9	n (	い 27 万	ာတ	9	-	4	က		က		—	Y	- L	3		20	80	<u>ت</u>	9	ဘ	37	26	26	ده 4 د		203
Improved	E		9	$\vdash$	T	۰ - ۲ *	1 9	Н		က	-		01				*			*17		_	⊘ (	07	12	- တ	_	- 1 <u>8</u>	o	199
Not ]	M.	9	က	ಸರ	ကြေ		# c3	70	-	-	0.7		-			Ŧ	<b>ন</b> গ		*	<del>ش</del> *	*10	37	4, 1		61*			16	4	164
GES.	Tot.	4	12		07 0	N SO 4	4 2	9	10	0		14			9	- (	30 E		21	12	0	<u></u>	00	41		ന —		24	7	215
SCHARGE Relieved.	된	00	ಸರ	2		~ L7 * L7	v 00	4	CJ	<u></u>	ಣ	<u></u>	20	$\infty$	4		က <u>င</u>	7 C7 *	ر ا ا	$\infty$	*	10 ·	4,		9	4	9	1 1 1	-	100
DISC	M.	-		4	4	9 0	71 <del>41</del>	07	00	07	4		07	ಣ	2	-	*	*	12	4	*	4	4	ന	20	6	20	11	4	и <u>,</u> п
1	Tot.	34	53	49	747	940	41	36	42	42	54	56	38	20	က က	50	44 c	7.0	تر ش ش	53	52	65	67	74	64	71	81	70 7 [	504	F)
Recovered.	田	17	26	25	29	2 K	222	18	-	2	25	282	21	$\frac{-}{\infty}$	21	77 8	21 C 21 T	80 80	20.00	53	53	 	40	43	30	က	35	က္မ	33	0 1
Re	M.	17	27	24	18	25	19	18	28	30	29	28	17	10	14	14	26	66	2.82	24	23	28	27	31	34	ဆီ က	46	27	7.7	
ons.	Tot.	212	131	151	133	119	2 2	00	90	123	111	115	06	84	60	200	000	110	127	105	109	171	138	180	175	175	180	158	191	
Admissions	Fi	96	57	75	72	62	0 0 72	44	32	54	57	53	42	42	37	42	က က ပ	5 70 5 40	89	48	53	92	75	88	69	69	85	81	2.2	
Adı	M.	116	74	92	61	22 5	40 36	44	58	69	54	62	48	42	36	تن تن	09	о и о и	2 00	57	56	4	63	92	901	106	98	77	69	
Years.		1851-3	1853	1854	1855	1856	1007	1859	1860	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	1866	1867	1868	1070	1871	1872	1873	1.874	1875	1876	1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	

# MEDICAL STATISTICS.

TABLE 4.—Showing the History of the Annual Admissions, since the opening of the Asylum, with the Discharges and Deaths, and the numbers of each year's Admissions remaining on the 31st December, 1881.

	A	DMI	ssio	NS.		-	-	each					ns Di .881.	isch			T	tal I	ischa	rged	ano	d Died	of e	ach	year'	s Adı	missi	ons.		31st	ng on Dec., each
Years.	Ne Cas		Relap Cas		Total.	_	Reco		m Rel	ieved	ı.   I		lot roved		Die	ed.	R	ecove	red.	Re	elie	ved.	In	No apro	t ved.		Died			,	dmis-
	М.	F.	M.	F.	To	$\mathbf{M}_{\parallel}$	F. 7	Tot.	M E	T. To	t. N	1 F	. Tot	. M	F.	Tot	. M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.	M.	F.	Tot.
1851-2	113	93	3	3	212		1	1						-	1		23	38	61	11	10	21	20	7	27	58	34	92	5	6	11
1853	69	54	5	3	131		1					1		1			31	28	59	8			13	4		20	16	36	1	1	2
1854	74	72	2		151	•					260			1			36	36	72	5		,	6	3	9	28	18	46	0	1	1
$1855 \\ 1856$	60 51	70 60	1	2 7	133 119												16	22	38	3	17	20	8	12	20	32	19	51	1	2	3
1857	41	31	5	2	79		- {				4			1		1	16 23	28	44 41	9	7 1	$\begin{vmatrix} 16 \\ 4 \end{vmatrix}$	5	$\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{11}{2}$	$egin{array}{c} 16 \\ 16 \end{array}$	26 9	$\frac{42}{25}$	4	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 2 \end{array}$	3
1858 1859	$\begin{vmatrix} 32 \\ 40 \end{vmatrix}$	44 38	4	$\frac{1}{6}$	81												17	20	37	3	7	10	2	3	5	14	13	27	0	$\overline{2}$	2
1860	51	29	7	3	88 90				1	-	· ·	-					21 29	21 13	$\begin{array}{ c c }\hline 42\\ 42\\ \end{array}$	2 5	$\frac{4}{4}$	6 9	$egin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	6	$\frac{7}{2}$	$egin{array}{c c} 21 \ 21 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	32	1	1	2
1861 1862	63 49	44 55	6	10	123												36	19	55	4	10		3	2	5	$\begin{vmatrix} 21\\25\end{vmatrix}$	29	54	2	4	6
1863	53	46	5 9	$\frac{2}{7}$	111 115									1		1	23 20	$\begin{array}{ c c }\hline 24 \\ 25 \\ \hline \end{array}$	47 45	5	5 6	10	$\frac{3}{2}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	6	18	17	35 47	1 3	$\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$	7 3
1864	39	38	9	4	90									1		_	13	19	32	1	5	6	$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	1	3	$\begin{bmatrix} 29 \\ 25 \end{bmatrix}$	18 15	40	7	0	7
1865 1866	34 30	33 33	$\begin{vmatrix} 8 \\ 6 \end{vmatrix}$	$\frac{9}{4}$	84 73												12	23	35	2	2	4	2	0	2	20	11	31	4	4	8
1867	48	38	7	4	97	1								1		1	17 21	18 17	35 38	1	3 5	3 6	1	$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{vmatrix}$	$\frac{3}{1}$	$egin{array}{c c} 17 \\ 24 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\frac{9}{14}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 26 \\ 38 \end{vmatrix}$	4	$\begin{array}{ c c c } 6 \\ 6 \end{array}$	10
1868 1869	60 63	36 60	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$	3 5	99 134					1							18	16	34	3	2	5	3	1	4	31	11	42	4	5	9
1870	46	52	10	2	110												19 26	27 28	46 54	10	$\frac{14}{2}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 24 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$	15 1	6	$egin{array}{c} 21 \ 2 \end{array}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 19 \\ 16 \end{vmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 14 \end{array}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 30 \\ 30 \end{vmatrix}$	$\frac{3}{6}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$	9 10
1871 1872	54 51	57 39	5	11 9	$\begin{array}{c} 127 \\ 105 \end{array}$									١,	1	1	25	33	58	5	4	9	5	6	11	15	11	26	5	9	14
1873	48	40	8	13	109	i								1 *	•	1	17 19	$\begin{array}{ c c }\hline 20 \\ 24 \\ \end{array}$	37 43	2 1	0 1	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 4\\2 \end{vmatrix}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 6 \\ 3 \end{vmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$	$egin{array}{c c} 22 &   \\ 15 &   \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 12 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 32 \\ 27 \end{array}$	5 3	$\begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 12 \\ 12 \end{array}$
1874 1875	67 55	83 65	12 8	9	171 138									1		1	21	23	44	3	1	. 4	$\overline{2}$	2	4	15	11	26	3	$2\overset{\circ}{1}$	24
1876	74	71	18	17	180		1	1						1		1	14 32	26 44	$\begin{array}{ c c }\hline 40\\ 76\\ \end{array}$	3 4	$\frac{2}{9}$		5 13	3 14	8 27	$\begin{vmatrix} 16 \\ 35 \end{vmatrix}$	12 16	28 51	8	6 5	10 13
1877 1878	92 89	63 62	14 17	6	175 175	1	ı								1	1	38	29	67	10	2	12	9	7	16	37	27	64	13	6	19
1879	77	75	21	7	180	4		4		2	2		1	25 55	3	8	41 40	32 35	73 75	7 9	$\frac{5}{9}$	12 18	5 9	$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ 7 \end{vmatrix}$	$\frac{7}{16}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 30 \\ 28 \end{vmatrix}$	$\frac{14}{14}$	$\begin{array}{c} 44 \\ 42 \end{array}$	21 20	15 19	36 39
1880 1881	65 62	67 70	$\begin{array}{ c c c }\hline 12 \\ 7 \end{array}$	14 12	158 151	7	16 15	23 25	$\frac{2}{2}$		2 6	2	$egin{array}{cccc} 2 & 4 \ 1 & 3 \end{array}$	11		11	18	27	45	7	5	12	9	12	21	17	13	30	26	22	48
	<del> </del>		000		-	-			<u> </u>		-	- -	-	-	10	-	10	15	25	4	-7	11	4	3	7	31	$\frac{22}{}$	53	44	53	97
Total	1750	1617	226	196	3789	21	33	54	4	7 1	1 1	4	3 7	31	22	53	721	786	1507	145	170	315	164	129	293	745	499	1244	201	229	430

SUMMARY O	F THE TOTAL ADMISSIONS.	Male.	FEMALE.	BOTH SEXES.
Per-centage of Cas	ses Recovered	36.48	43.35	39.97
"	Relieved	7.33	9.37	8.31
"	Not Improved	8.29	7 <b>.1</b> 1	7.73
,,	Dead	37.70	27.52	32.80
"	Remaining	10.20	12.65	11.19
		100.00	100.00	100.00



MEDICAL STATISTICS.

TABLE 5.—Showing the Causes of Death during the Year 1881.

CAUSES OF DEATH.*	MALE.	FEMALE.	TOTAL.
Paralysis Apoplexy		67	ee —
General Paresis Epilepsy Cerebral Disease	4581	6 - 1 - 2	11 3
Welancholic Exhaustion  Verebral Concussion Congestion and Effusion, with fracture at base of Skull, Consequent on injuries inflicted by a Patient, W. S. Inquest.  Maniacal Exhaustion	7 0 0 1	0 87	CO CO
Pneumonia and Pleurisy Pulmonary Consumption Disease of the Heart	4 4 T	ന ന :	4 - 4
	31	22	53
* Ascertained by Post-Mortem Examination in	30	21	21

MEDICAL STATISTICS.

TABLE 6.—Showing the Length of Residence in those Discharged Recovered, and in those who have Died during the Year 1881.

	,					
LENGTH OF RESIDENCE.	A	RECOVERED.	D		DIED.	
	Male.	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Under 1 Month	:	•	•	2	က	50
From 1 to 3 Months	က	<del>}</del>	4	4	က	<u></u>
50	<u></u>	17	24	9	ಸಂ	-
<b>t</b>	<b>C7</b>	<u></u>	ರಾ	67	67	4
10 12	67	က	70	67	•	67
2	9	က	6	41	ಸಾ	6
to 3	<del></del>	•		က	:	က
	•	•	•	က	67	٠ ت
to	•	-	<del></del>	•	<del>y -</del>	
7 to 10 ,,	:	•	•	c <sub>2</sub>		ಣ
	:	•	•	: 1	:	. 7
to	:	:	:	r	•	<b>⊣</b> ∓
to	•	•	•	F	•	<b></b> }-
to	:	7	. 7	<b>-</b>	:	-
25 to 30 ,,	:	-	-	:	•	•
Total	21	က	54	31	22	53

# MEDICAL STATISTICS.

**TABLE 7.**—Showing the Duration of the Disorder on Admission in the Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths, during the Year 1881.

		DUR	DURATION C	OF DI	DISEASE	ON A	ON ADMISSION IN	NI NO	Four	CLASSES.	SSES.	
H	The A	ADMIS	Admissions	Å	THE Recovered	ed ed	DISCHARGES Remov	Removed, eved, or coving wise.	Removed, Relieved, or otherwise.	THE		Deaths.
	M.	Fi	Total	M.	편.	Total	M.	Ħ	Total	M.	Fi	Total
CLASS First Attack, and within Three Months on Admission	28	97	59	$\infty$	19	27	<del>, - 1</del>	೧೧	4	ගෙ	-	20
First Attack, above Three, and within Twelve Months on Admission	4	14	28	4	4	00	<del>, −</del> -i	- Trans	<b>C</b> 7	ත	70	00
CLASS  Not First Attack, and within Twelve  Months on Admission	101	17	62	<u> </u>	10	17	41	0	4	4	4	$\infty$
First Attack, or not, but of more than Twelve Months on Admission	67	20	35	67	0	75	67	ဗ	00	<del></del>	9	17
Total	69	82	151	21	33	54	8	10	18	31	22	50

MEDICAL STATISTICS.

TABLE 8.—Showing the Ages of the Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths, during the Year 1881.

				49			-	7				- I I-	
	DEATHS.	Tot.	0	0		က	Φ	10	10	ဗ္	ဗ	0	53
		Fi	0	0	0	67	4	<u>-</u>	က	ಣ	ಣ	0	22
	THE	M.	0	0		-	4	12	7	ಣ	ന	0	31
	lieved, ise.	Tot.	0	-	01	က	20	က	П	07	<del>, -  </del>	0	18
ES.	noved, Relievor or otherwise.	F	0		01	c <sub>2</sub>	07	07	<del></del>	0	0	0	10 18
DISCHARGES	Removed, Relieved or otherwise.	M.	0	0	0	-	က		0	01		0	00
		Tot.	0	0	ಸಂ	14	11	$\infty$	O	2	0	0	54
Тяв	Recovered	Fi	0	0	07	<u>_</u>	10	<u></u>	4	က	0	0	33
	R	M.	0	0	ಣ	_	-		70	4	0	0	21
and the second s	NS.	Tot.	0	ଠା	<u></u>	31	32	53	21	17	<u> </u>		151
The state of the s		দ	0	-	2	16	20	13	13	7	4	-	85
To be the second of the second	AD	M.	0	-	27	15	12	16	S	10	70	0	69
			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	•	:
6 ! !				:	•	λ •	•	•	•	•	•	:	, ,
			•	:	•	•	:	:	•	•	•	:	•
			•	•	:	•	•	•	•	•	•	:	TOTAL
	AGES.		Years	33		`	` :	: :	` •			3.3	
	4		10	15	20	30	40	50	9	70	80		
			to	,,	100	; ;		; ;	; ;	;	;	~	
			m 5	1(	15	20	3(	40	50	99	70	8	
			From	9.9			, ,		, ,	33	3.3	9.9	
			, ,		-	-							

MEDICAL STATISTICS.

TABLE 9.—Condition as to Marriage in the Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths, during the Year 1881.

				, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
	ATHS.	Total	·	19	23	H	53
	THE DEATHS.	<u>F</u>		<b>o</b>	ರಾ	4	22
	TH	M.		10	14	7	 31
	Removed, Relieved, or otherwise.	F. Total	!	$\infty$	10	0	18
ES.	moved, Reliev or otherwise.	Fi		<u>-</u>	က	0	10
CHARG	Remo	M.		-	2	0	8
THE DISCHARGES.	ed.	Total		28	56	70	54
	Recovered.	F		H	18	4	93
	H	M.		12	œ	-	21
	ons.	Total		65	29	19	151
The state of the s	THE MISSIONS.	Fi		98	32	14	82
	AD	M.		29	35	73	69
				•	•	•	•
14	Ħ.			•	•	•	•
and Market	RRIAG			•	•	:	•
	MAJ			:	•	•	•
distribuyation of the	CONDITION IN REFERENCE TO MARRIAGE.			•	:	:	A.L.
200	EREN			•	•	:	Total
No. of the last	REF			•	:	•	
A straight for	Z			le	ried	Widowed	
Chick Chick	ITIO			Single	Married	Wid	
	Cont						
-				-			

TABLE 10.—Showing the Probable Causes, Apparent or Assigned, of the Disorder, in the Admissions,

	The Part of the Part of
1881.	A ST COMMENT OF THE STATE OF TH
Year.	The same of the sa
f the	The state of the state of
s, and Deaths, of the Year 1881.	
and	
Discharges,	, , ,
ò	

Martiner						
	HS.	Total.	9410000	0 H U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	81 28	53
	E DEATHS.	H	440000	м 4-и 0 и 4-и 0 и 0 и 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	37 15	22
	THE	M.	00000	40000400000000000000000000000000000000	44	31
	1, or e.	Total.	100000	© 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	33	18
00 E2	Relieved, or otherwise.	F	00000	HHH8H000000000000000000000000000000000	17	10
THE DISCHARGES	Reco	M.	000000	<i>к</i> 4нонооноооооооооо	16	œ
HE DIS	d.	Total.	c. m 0 0 0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	99	54
T	Recovered	H	2001000	000004600000000000000000000000000000000	60 27	33
1	Re	M.	4101001	010010000000011100000210	33	21
	IONS.	Total.	9 20 20 20 20 20 20	\$8.801.221.41.6088.701.22.01.28.1-14.	245	151
	Admissions	H	2414160	281001001000000000000000000000000000000	129	82
	THE /	M.	4-0-00	0.000 C C S C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	116	69
	CAUSES.		Moral.  Mental Anxiety, Grief, Poverty  Domestic Troubles  Disappointment in Love Religious Excitement. Solltude. Fright  Disappointments and Reverses	Physical.  Hereditary Taint Previous Attack. Intemperance Epilepsy Ill-health Privation Cerebral Disease Old Age Typhoid Fever Injury to Head Congenital Overwork Puerperal Pregnancy Climacteric Period Super-lactation Menstrual Irregularity Phthisis Intemperance of Father Sunstroke Mastrubation Ill-treatment by Husband Unascertained Not Insane	Deduct repetitions for combined causes	Total

J. MURRAY LINDSAY, M.D.

	les	Теа.	pt	-	<b></b>	-	-	P==		
ı	maj	Butter.	ZO	-104	-404	-403	-101	<b>⊣</b>  03	-100	-409
	Females	Bread.	ZO	ಸರ	70	70	10	10	70	20
		Тея.	Di		<del></del>	pool .				- 10 St. 10 1 12 St.
-	Males.	Butter.	ZO	<b>1</b>	<b>−</b> 403	400	<b>™</b> 03	~\c≀	403	-101
ı	M	Bread.	ZO	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
2000		Vegetables.	0Z.	2	•	S	12	•	12	•
		Suet Pudding, with sweet sance	.zo		•	•	•	•	•	14
		·dnos	pt.	•	<b></b> -	•	•	•	•	:
	les.	Stew.	pt.	•	•		•		•	•
	Females.	*Meat and Potatoe Pie.	0Z.	•	:	:	:	:	:	14
		Uncooked Meat.	0Z.	9	:	9	9	:	9	
		Bread.	0Z.	70	52	5	್ಲ	ĭ0	22	70
		Beer.	pt.	-45 <b>3</b>	m 03		m/c1	-400	1403	<b>-10</b>
		Vegetables.	0Z.	2	•	22	22	•	12	•
	4	Suet Pudding, with sweet sauce	0Z.	•	•	•	•	•	•	14
	les.	·dnos	pt.	•		•	•	•	•	•
		Stew.	pt.	•	•	•	•	H	•	:
	Males.	*Meat and Potatoe Pie.	oz.	•	•	•	•	•	•	14
		Uncooked Meat.	0Z.	<b>&gt;</b>	•	۲-	2		۷	•
		Bread.	0Z.	<b>9</b>	9	9	9	9	9	9
MET!		Beer.	pt.	-13	~ c	-13t	-lo	-lot	-101	m 03
۱	ıle	Tea.	pt							
	Female	Butter.	ZO	-107	- <del> </del>		——————————————————————————————————————	1100	-los	~4:3
Contract Contract		Bread.	Z0		, ro	NO.	, TO	10 	- 10	
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Supplied and an artist of the supplied to the	Males.	Butter.	ZOS		6	9	9	0	9	T <sub>C</sub> C
The state of the s		Bread.	ZO				No complete	AD CASE CONT		
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				ay	lay	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Þ.	Saturday
				Sunday	Monday	nes	edı	hur	Friday	attu
es.			on Salver o	$S_{-}$	M		3		Œ	S
										- 0

SUPPER.

DINNER.R.

PREAMEASI.

Workers 2 pint Beer extra at 11 o'clock a.m., and at 4 o'clock p.m.

Great additions are made to the above table; Epileptic, palsied, aged, and weakly Patients are allowed extra diet, such as Pounded Meat Fish, Rice, Egg, Tapioca, Sayo, and Arrowroot Puddings; with Porter, Brandy, Gin, & Wine under the direction of the Laundry Women, ½ pint Beer, with Bread and Cheese, at 11 o'clock a.m., and ½ pint Beer at 4 o'clock p.m.

Superintendent-Physician. Fish Dinner occasionally—Men, 11b.; Women, 12oz.

Soup to contain 3oz. Meat, and thickened with Barley, Pea Flour, Vegetables, &c. Tea Scale—Tea, loz.; Sugar, 4oz.; Milk, 1 pint per gallon. Stew to contain 3oz. Meat.

Meat and Potatoe Pie to contain 202. meat. \* Meat Pie and Suet Pudding on alternate Saturdays.

# ATTENDANTS' AND SERVANTS' DIET.

Daily.—Meat, uncooked, including Bone—Men Ilb., Women alb., Milk a pint; Beer—Men 2 pints, Women 14 pints; Bread 14lb. Vegetables as required; Tea. loz., given in exchange for 4oz. Coffee; Bacon, 4lb., in exchange for 1lb. Cheese. Weekly-Tea 2oz., Coffee 4oz., Sugar 41b., Butter (fresh) 41b., Cheese 11b.

ARTICLES MADE AND REPAIRED BY THE FEMALE PATIENTS

DURING THE YEAR 1881.

Table Cloths.	66	268
.alewoT	290	
Sprouds.	<u>ئر</u> 8	
Stays.	41	290
Shirts, Flannel.	71	710
Shirts, Linen.	313	3292
Sheets.	288	1258
Jackets & Mantles	10	
Rugs Ticking.	·	
Pinafores.	44	508
Pillow Cases.	52	
Petticoats.	113	1322
Mattress Cases.	48	
Knitted Stockings.	2 90	8098
Iron Holders.	1 44	
Handkerchiefs.	204	
.tdgiV ,,	49	687
Gowns.	298	2042
Dusters.	252	
Drawers.	09	597
Carpets.	123	189
Chair Covers.	53	
Curtains.	132	
Chemises.	428	2032
.пэМ ,,	271	
Caps (Women).	24	422
Blankets hemmed.	58	239
Bed Quilts.	65	220
Boot Uppers.	164	
Bags.		
Blinds.	133	
Bolster Cases.	166	1190
Bonneta.	93	370
Aprona.	394	1135
	•	ed
	Made	Repair

Average weekly number of Articles of Clothing and Bedding Washed in the Laundry, 5,500.

# FARM AND GARDEN ACCOUNT,

For the Year ending 31st December, 1881.

WORKING EXPENDITU	RE.	INCOME.
1881. Jan. 1.	£ s. d. £ s. d.	SUPPLIES TO THE HOUSE. £ s. d. £ s. d.
To Valuation of Live and Dead Stock, (by Mr. Coleman, Park Nook).	530 10 0	By Milk, 9489·1 gals., at 9½d 375 12 4 Pork, 8875lb., at 7½d 277 6 10
By Cattle	5 0 0 284 6 0	$\frac{1}{100}$ , Veal, 2241b., at $\frac{1020}{100}$
,, Pigs	120 0 0 6 7 6	,, Mutton, 854lb., at 9d
Hay, Clover, Straw	366 15 0 133 5 3	Fowls and Ducks, 30 couple, at 5s
" Manure	43 0 0 101 8 9	,, Apples, 107815., at 3d
" Implements	277 6 0 ———————————————————————————————————	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
" Cash in hand	38 16 10	", Beans (kidney), 57210., at 2d 13 10 3
" Cows STOCK PURCHASED.	77 5 0 67 4 0	,, Currants (black), 2981b., at 4d 5 3 8
,, Sheep	61 11 0 5 19 0	,, Currants (white), 33lb., at 4d
PROVENDER.	211 19 0	,, Cauliflowers, 178, at $2d$
,, Barley Flour, Bean Flour, Indian Meal, Rice, Sharps, Bran, Grains	411 16 9	", Carrots, 3624lb., at 3s. per cwt
,, Linseed Cake, Growing Crops, and Eating, to March 25,	70 5 0 35 0 0	,, Damsons, 9516., at 4d
,, Straw	110 C C	,, Lettuce, 2969hd., at 1d
,, Seeds and Plants	29 0 8 7 3 6	", Peas, 494lb., at 8d 1 16 8
,, Carriage of Goods, Farm Stock Valuation for the years 1877	20 0 8	", Parsnips, 1116lb., at 3s. per cwt 1 9 10
1878, 1879, 1880	66 3 6	,, Rhubarb, 2204lb., at ld 9 3 8 Radishes, 351bds., at ld
Miscellaneous	135 0 4	,, Raspberries, 137lb., at 4d 2 5 8 4 9 0
,, Coal	<u>12 7 0</u> 32 7 0	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
,, Estimated Rental of Garden Land, 3a. 3r. at 60s	11 6 0	", Savoys, 3719lb., at $\frac{3}{4}$ d
,, Arable Land, 31a. 1r. 35p. at 45s, Grass Land, 25a. 3r. 20p. at 40s	70 7 6	,, Kale, 771lb., at 1d
,, Ditto ,, 16a. 0r. 30p., at 40s	28 8 9	,, Potatoes, 413st. 77lb., at 4s 82 15 10 Bedding and other Plants, 2865, at 2s. 6d 29 16 10
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	. 217 18 3	,, Sale of Cows 88 0 6 24 0 0
,, Steward	25 0 0 242 18 3	", ", Bull 22 0 0 Galves 9 19 4
		;; ;; Pigs 109 16 6 27 0 0
		,, ,, Rhubarb Roots 0 6 0 281 2 4
		,, Sale of Skins and Fat
		,, 1st Prize Staffordshire Agricultural Show, for "Berkshire Boar" 3 0 0
		,, 1st Prize Staffordshire Agricultural Show, for "Berkshire Sow"
		,, Corn, Hay, Straw, and Grass supplied to Coal and other Horses
		Coal and other Horses
		1881. Dec. 31.
		Valuation of Live and Dead Stock. (By Mr. Coleman, Park Nook.)
		By Cattle
		,, Pigs
		,, Hay, Straw, &c
		,, Garden Produce
1881.		,, Poultry 8 10 0 ,, Farm Implements 228 18 6
Dec. 31. To Balance in favour of Farm and Garden	240 12	,, Cash in hand
	£3600 2 7	JOHN LANGLEY, £3600 2 7
		STEWARD.



# DERBY COUNTY ASYLUM.

# INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FROM THE 1st OF JANUARY TO THE 31st OF DECEMBER, 1881.

FROM UNIONS			KLY RATE F				T JANOILLUI	1	NDITURE FI	ROM WEEKL	Y RATE FO	R THE	
Contributing	31st March £. s. d.	30th June £. s. d.	30th Sept. £. s. d.	31st Dec. £. s. d.	Total. £. s. d.	Total. £. s. d.	HEADS OF EXPENDITURE.	31st March £ s. d.	30th June £ s. d.	30th Sept. £ s. d.	31st Dec. £ s. d.	Total. £ s. d	Total. £ s. d.
Ashbourne	181 4 0 43 10 8 139 12 8 284 18 6	171 13 4 48 1 8 142 10 5 291 4 9	174 19 10 51 18 1 123 1 11 288 8 0		1170 5 0		Provisions.  Meat ,, Australian  Fish. Poultry	$\begin{array}{ c cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	288 13 1 44 5 0 27 13 6	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1194 4 3 214 17 0 85 15 5	
Burton-on-Trent Belper Chapel-en-le-Frith Chesterfield Derby Ecclesall Bierlow Glossop Hayfield Manafald	$\begin{bmatrix} 548 & 5 & 5 \\ 110 & 3 & 4 \\ 669 & 9 & 7 \\ 229 & 4 & 3 \\ 43 & 5 & 11 \\ 81 & 3 & 5 \\ 49 & 14 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{vmatrix} 187 & 2 & 11 \\ 530 & 11 & 5 \\ 106 & 1 & 3 \\ 689 & 1 & 11 \\ 207 & 13 & 0 \\ 42 & 8 & 6 \\ 81 & 6 & 4 \\ 49 & 9 & 11 \\ 68 & 0 & 9 \end{vmatrix} $	180 18 0 531 16 5 100 2 7 659 14 4 186 10 2 41 18 6 81 18 7 52 2 8	169 13 1 545 7 2 103 15 9 681 10 9 183 12 6 43 12 1 86 5 9 60 16 0	$ \begin{vmatrix} 735 & 6 & 5 \\ 2156 & 0 & 5 \\ 420 & 2 & 11 \\ 2699 & 16 & 7 \\ 806 & 19 & 11 \\ 171 & 5 & 0 \\ 330 & 14 & 1 \\ 212 & 3 & 4 \\ 242 & 13 & 2 \end{vmatrix} $		Oatmeal, Rice, Peas, and Barley	$ \begin{vmatrix} 8 & 8 & 0 \\ 232 & 13 & 1 \\ 52 & 6 & 4 \\ 84 & 4 & 3 \\ 32 & 17 & 1 \\ 17 & 9 & 8 \\ 22 & 17 & 2 \end{vmatrix} $	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 13 0 241 6 5 40 18 11 72 19 9 38 14 6 17 3 9 23 14 8	5 12 6 229 10 1 23 14 2 79 18 3 36 7 7 23 4 1 22 7 6	39 15 0 920 12 6 160 11 10 314 16 9 138 16 0 75 16 3 91 3 6	
Mansfield Shardlow Tamworth Uttoxeter	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	260 18 2 860 15 11 28 7 0 87 1 10		Butter, Cheese, Bacon, and Eggs Beer and Ale	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c }\hline 205 & 18 & 4 \\ 147 & 12 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$	134 9 11 153 3 0	209 19 2 153 18 0	193 11 2 161 12 0	743 18 7 616 5 0	4596 12 1
Worksop	0 3 2	0 0 0	0 0 0	5 12 1	5 15 3	11273 9 7	House & other Expenses Coals Gas Soap Starch and Soda Candles and Cleaning	176 13 9 159 1 6 18 1 0 3 13 10	172 13 6 79 12 6 16 11 2 3 13 10	168 14 10 72 3 9 27 10 0 3 13 10	125 14 9 149 13 2 16 0 0 3 14 0	643 16 10 460 10 11 78 2 2 14 15 6	
From County Treasurer	7 4 7	14 2 10	50 16 6	14 2 6	86 6 5	86 6 5	Articles Furniture, Bedding, & Repairs	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	13 11 6 111 1 8	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	14     2     6       95     17     7	62     5     2       385     6     4	
							Ironmongery, Cutlery, and Earthenware Brooms and Brushes Periodicals, Printing.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	34 17 10 5 14 6	9 17 11 9 10 10	66 13 5 4 5 0	145 2 9 27 18 1	
From Unions not Contributing.							Stamps, & Stationery Carr. of Goods & Tolls Omnibus Hire Funeral Expenses Sweeping Flues Insurance - Rate Miscellaneous	$ \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 14 & 8 \\ 13 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 12 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 16 & 3 & 10 \end{bmatrix} $	38 17 9 12 12 10 7 1 0 9 13 0 5 10 0 0 0 0 38 2 4	$ \begin{vmatrix} 41 & 19 & 7 \\ 6 & 0 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 6 & 11 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 16 & 16 & 6 \end{vmatrix} $	33 1 7 6 9 8 7 1 0 1 3 0 5 10 0 13 11 11 37 18 6	120 13 7 38 5 2 14 2 0 29 9 0 11 0 0 29 15 9 123 15 2	
Bolton	3 16 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	5 6 0 51 4 10 0 0 0	3 16 0		Salaries and Wages. Officers Servants Clothing (including	273 15 0 416 15 8	$\begin{bmatrix} 223 & 15 & 0 \\ 408 & 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 223 & 15 & 0 \\ 420 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$	247 14 6 420 1 2	968 19 6 1665 3 1	2184 18 5 2634 2 7
Thame		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9 2 0 0 0	9 4 0 0 0		270 18 8	Wages of Tailors and Shoemaker)		209 13 5	185 13 2	318 5 3	1014 17 11	1014 17 11
							Drugs & Instruments. Wines and Spirits Porter	26 16 J.1 44 9 0 9 8 3	16 16 4 3 18 0 0 0 0	15 7 3 11 14 0 0 0 0	27 14 10 29 0 0 0 11 0	86 15 4 89 1 0 9 19 3	185 15 7
For Private Patients						30 7 6	Farm and Garden. Cows Heifers Sheep Pigs Poultry Provender Growing Crops & Eating Seeds, Plants Straw	$ \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 34 & 4 & 0 \\ 32 & 10 & 0 \\ 1 & 11 & 0 \\ 116 & 7 & 11 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & 6 \end{vmatrix} $	19 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 6 3 0 0 0 0 132 3 11 0 0 0 7 2 2 15 3 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 6 8 0 0 0 0 83 10 3 35 0 0 0 0 0 38 11 10	$ \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 31 & 5 & 0 \\ 33 & 0 & 0 \\ 16 & 10 & 0 \\ 4 & 8 & 0 \\ 149 & 19 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 20 & 14 & 0 \\ 40 & 5 & 9 \end{vmatrix} $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
For Funerals						40 0 0	Implements, Repairs and Miscellaneous. Rates and Taxes Valuations 1877-8 9 80 Carriage of Goods Grinding Corn—Har vesting	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 7 2 0 0 0 12 12 0 13 5 0	31 10 2 6 14 6 0 0 0 0 0 0	5 12 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 6 15 8 2 0 6	66 3 6 28 8 9 12 12 0 20 0 8	
							Wages	47 3 2	47 1 () 6 5 0		50 11 0 6 5 0	189 18 3	1219 14 7
					ll £	11,701 2 2						£	11,836 1 2

JOHN LANGLEY,
CLERK & STEWARD.



General Statement of Receipts and Payments between the 1st of January and the 31st of December, 1881.

i	s. d.	6. 80					67			5 11					1 0	
	s F	9196					11836			2571					£16533 1	
	d.	σ		ا بی اِ	11	2	7		0	1					13	
	ů	7		182	12	15	14	<u>a</u>	G							;
	સ	2126		4596 $2184$	$1014 \\ 2634$	185	1219	9898 19 11	2007 300 300							
		Amount due to Tradesmen for supplies to 31st December, 1880	PAYMENTS.	Provisions	Clothing (Including Wages)	Extras for the Sick	Supplies to Farm and Garden	Balance in Treasurer's hands on the	Do. in Steward's hands	i						
		Amount plie		Provisions House and	Clothing Salaries	Extras	Supplie	Balance	Do. in S							
	۵.		0		0.						C	1		10	6	-
	ŭ		ବର		4						G	4			11	
	ಈ		2284		362						11701	10/11		2186	£16533 11	
	d.	တ ဏ		ක ්	9		2	20	$\infty$	9	0		T <sub>0</sub>		انتا	1
	£ 8. d.	2208 7	OT O	304 10	57 14		11273 9	9 98	270 18	30 7	40 0		2186 1 10			
Uf,		Balance in Treasurer's hands on the 31st December, 1880		Farm Sales	Sundry Sales	Maintenance of Patients from Unions	& Parishes belonging to this County 1	to County Rate	to Out-Counties	Private Patients	L'unerals	Amount due to Tradesmen for Sun-				

JOHN LANGLEY, Clerk and Steward.

Signed, (ASHTON MOSLEY, N. C. CURZON.

# AVERAGE WEEKLY COST OF MAINTENANCE, MEDICINE, CLOTHING, AND CARE OF PATIENTS DURING THE YEAR ENDING THE 31st DECEMBER, 1881.

	£	s.	d.
Provisions	0	4	$4\frac{1}{4}$
Clothing (including wages of Tailor and Shoemaker	0	0	11
Salaries and Wages	0	2	$5\frac{3}{4}$
Necessaries, Fuel, Light, Washing	0	1	1
Surgery and Dispensary	0	0	1
Wines, Spirits, and Porter	0	0	1
Furniture and Bedding	0	0	61
Garden and Farm	0	1	11
Miscellaneous, viz.: — Insurance,			
Rates and Taxes, Periodicals,			
Printing, Stamps, Stationery,	,		
Carriage of Goods, Tools, Picnic,			
Entertainments	0	0	$3\frac{3}{4}$
	0	10	11‡
Less Receipts from Sales	0	0	4
	0	10	71
	-		

Average Daily Number of Patients, 409.

# APPENDIX.

# CENSUS, 4TH APRIL, 1881.

TABLE I.

## ASYLUM POPULATION.

	M.	F.	Total.
Number of Patients	192	205	397
Resident Staff of Officers, Attendants, Servants, and Workmen	26	38	64
Number in Families of Officers and Servants	6	12	18
Total Asylum Population on 4th April, 1881	$\frac{-}{224}$	255	479

### TABLE II.

### MENTAL CONDITION OF PATIENTS.

						M.	F.	Total
Lunatic	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	162	<b>1</b> 66	328
Imbecile	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	14	27	41
Idiot	• •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	16	12	28
Total N	Number of	f Patien	ats	• • •	•••	192	205	397

## TABLE III.

Birth Places of Patients. (County and Country.)

						M.	F.	Total
T) 1 1'								201
Derbyshire	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	147	114	261
Nottinghamshire		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	3	4	7
Leicestershire	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	3	5	8
Yorkshire	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	2	7	9
Staffordshire	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	3	2	5
Lincolnshire	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	2	0	<b>2</b>
Lancashire		• • •			• • •	4	3	7
Somersetshire	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	0	2	<b>2</b>
Warwickshire	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	0	2	<b>2</b>
Northamptonshin	re	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	2	0	2
Berkshire	• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •	1	1	2
Shropshire, Deve	on, No	rthum	berland	• • •	• • •	1	2	3
Born in	n Engl	and	• • •	• • •	•••	168	142	310

# TABLE III.

# Birth Places of Patients.

	M.	F.	Total
(1) Born in England	168	142	310
(2) ,, ,, Scotland Roxburghshire	1	0	1
(3) ,, ,, Ireland ,, ,, County Mayo	3	0	3
,, ,, ,, Galway	1	0	1
,, ,, ,, Tipperary	1	0	1
,, ,, ,, Kilkenny	1	1	2
,, ,, ,, Antrim	0	1	1
" " Dublin	0	2	2
,, ,, County Unknown	1	0	1
(4) America	0	1	1
(5) Germany	1	0	1
	177	1.47	004
Unknown or Unascertained	177 15	147 58	
	10	- 90	13
Total Patients	192	205	397

TABLE IV.

# Ages of Patients.

						* *	-	(T)
						M.	F.	Total
Under 8 year	rs of Age	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	0	1	1
10 to 15	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	1	2	3
15 to 20		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	6	5	11
20 to 25		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	14	6	20
25 to 30	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• *	12	11	23
30 to 35	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • 1	•••	20	28	48
35 to 40	• • •				• • •	14	20	34
40 to 45	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	31	28	59
45 to 50	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	18	16	34
50 to 55	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	19	25	44
55 to 60		• • •			•••	22	22	44
60 to 65	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	17	19	36
65 to 70	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • • ,	11	11	22
70 to 75	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	3	8	11
75 to 80	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	3	2	5
-80 to 85 ···	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1	1	2
					1_			
	Total	• • •	• • •	0 0 0	1	92	205	397

# TABLE V. Condition as to Marriage.

					i. Line and the second	PATI M.		Total
Married		• • •		• • •	• • •	$\phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$	$-\frac{}{75}$	140
Unmarried	• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •	115	112	
Widowed	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	12	18	30
		Total	• • •	4 • •	• • •	192	205	397

# TABLE V1. (CENSUS APPENDIX.)

# Occupations of Male Patients.

LAND.	Brought forward 122
Agricultural Labourers 27	
Farmers 10—37 COAL.	LABOURERS.
Coal Miners 25	Road Labourers 3
Colliery Labourers 7	Railway Labourers 2
Coal Merchant 1—33	Potter's Labourer 1
COTTON.	Tanyard Labourer 1
Cotton Factory Operatives 7	Bricklayer's Labourer 1
LĔATHER.	Railway Platelayers 2—10
Shoemakers 8	
Saddlers 2—10	MISCELLANEOUS.
LEAD.	Hawkers       3         Soldiers       2         Tailors       2         Butchers       2         Potters       2         Tinmen and Braziers       2         Clergyman (Church of England)       1         Surgeon (M.R.C.S., England)       1         Druggist's Apprentice       1         Currier       1         Cotton Dyer       1         Clerk (Solicitor's Copying)       1         Gamekeeper       1
Lead Miners 4	Soldiers 2
IRON.	Tailors
Iron Foundry Labourers 5	Butchers
Table Knife Blade Forger 1	Potters
Saw Grinder         1           Engine Fitter         1	Clergyman (Church of England) 1
Engine Fitter	Surgeon (M.R.C.S., England) . 1
Horse Nail Maker 1	Druggist's Apprentice 1
Table Knife Cutter 1	Currier 1
Blacksmiths 3	Cotton Dyer 1
Railway Engine Shop La-	Clerk (Solicitor's Copying) 1
bourer 1—15	
WOOD.	Coachman 1
Joiners and Wheelwrights 6	Chimney Sweep 1
PAINTERS.	Gardener 1
House Painters 3	Telegraph Clerk 1
Coach Painter 1—4 STONE.	Framework Knitter 1
	Plasterer 1 Publican (Innkeeper) 1
Stone Quarrymen	Other occupations
Stonemason's Labourer 1	No occupation, or unknown 18
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Derby Spar Turner 1— 6	
Derby Spar Turner 1— 6 Carried forward 122	Total Male patients192
	Total Male patients192
Carried forward 122	
Carried forward 122  Occupations of	Female Patients.
Carried forward 122  Occupations of  DOMESTIC SERVANTS. Domestic Servants (General) 29	
Carried forward 122  Occupations of  DOMESTIC SERVANTS. Domestic Servants (General) 29 Housemaids	Female Patients.  Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses
Carried forward 122  Occupations of  DOMESTIC SERVANTS. Domestic Servants (General) 29 Housemaids	Female Patients.  Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses
Carried forward 122  Occupations of  DOMESTIC SERVANTS. Domestic Servants (General) 29 Housemaids	Female Patients.  Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses
Carried forward 122  Occupations of  DOMESTIC SERVANTS. Domestic Servants (General) 29 Housemaids	Female Patients.  Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses
Carried forward 122  Occupations of  DOMESTIC SERVANTS. Domestic Servants (General) 29 Housemaids	Female Patients.  Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS. Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4
Carried forward 122  Occupations of  DOMESTIC SERVANTS. Domestic Servants (General) 29 Housemaids	Female Patients.  Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses 3 Governesses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS. Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4 Lodging-house Keeper 1
Carried forward	Female Patients.  Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses 3 Governesses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS. Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4 Lodging-house Keeper 1
Carried forward	Female Patients.  Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses 3 Governesses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS. Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4 Lodging-house Keeper 1 Washerwomen 3 Hawkers 2
Carried forward . 122  Occupations of  DOMESTIC SERVANTS. Domestic Servants (General) 29 Housemaids	$Female\ Patients.$ Brought forward . 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses
Occupations of  Occupations of  DOMESTIC SERVANTS. Domestic Servants (General) 29 Housemaids 3 Cooks 2 Laundresses 2 Kitchenmaid 1 Farm Servants (Domestic) 5 Charwomen 6—48 COTTON. Cotton Factory Hands 20 SILK. Silk Mill Hands 2 COAL.	Female Patients.  Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS. Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4 Lodging-house Keeper 1 Washerwomen 3 Hawkers 2 Factory Needle Polisher 1 Wives, Widows, or Daughters
Carried forward         122           Occupations of           DOMESTIC SERVANTS.         Domestic Servants (General)         29           Housemaids         3         3           Cooks         2         2           Laundresses         2         2           Kitchenmaid         1         1           Farm Servants (Domestic)         5         6—48           COTTON.         Cotton Factory Hands         20           SILK.         Silk Mill Hands         2           COAL.         Colliers' Wives         12	$Female\ Patients.$ Brought forward . 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses
Carried forward         122           Occupations of           DOMESTIC SERVANTS.         Domestic Servants (General)         29           Housemaids         3         3           Cooks         2         2           Laundresses         2         2           Kitchenmaid         1         1           Farm Servants (Domestic)         5         6—48           COTTON.         Cotton Factory Hands         20           SILK.         Silk Mill Hands         2           COAL.         Colliers' Wives         12           Daughter         1	Female Patients.  Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses 3 Governesses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS. Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4 Lodging-house Keeper 1 Washerwomen 3 Hawkers 2 Factory Needle Polisher 1 Wives, Widows, or Daughters of Lace Manufacturer, Dyer, Railway Shunter, Table Knife Cutter, Prison Warder, Tailor,
Carried forward         122           Occupations of           DOMESTIC SERVANTS.         Domestic Servants (General)         29           Housemaids         3         3           Cooks         2         2           Laundresses         2         2           Kitchenmaid         1         1           Farm Servants (Domestic)         5         6—48           COTTON.         Cotton Factory Hands         20           SILK.         Silk Mill Hands         2           COAL.         Colliers' Wives         12           Daughter         1           Widow         1	Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses
Carried forward         122           Occupations of           DOMESTIC SERVANTS.         Domestic Servants (General)         29           Housemaids         3         3           Cooks         2         2           Laundresses         2         2           Kitchenmaid         1         1           Farm Servants (Domestic)         5         6—48           COTTON.         60—48         20           SILK.         Silk Mill Hands         2           COAL.         Colliers' Wives         12           " Daughter         1           " Widow         1           Colliery Manager's Wife         1	Female Patients.  Brought forward 116 TEACHING.  Schoolmistresses 3 Governesses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS. Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4 Lodging-house Keeper 1 Washerwomen 3 Hawkers 2 Factory Needle Polisher 1 Wives, Widows, or Daughters of Lace Manufacturer, Dyer, Railway Shunter, Table Knife Cutter, Prison Warder, Tailor, Grocer, Lacemaker, Labourer, Bricklayer, Ironfounder, En-
Carried forward         122           Occupations of           DOMESTIC SERVANTS.         Domestic Servants (General)         29           Housemaids         3         3           Cooks         2         2           Laundresses         2         2           Kitchenmaid         1         1           Farm Servants (Domestic)         5         6-48           COTTON.         6-48         20           SILK.         Silk Mill Hands         2           COAL.         Colliers' Wives         12           "Daughter         1           "Widow         1           Colliery Manager's Wife         1           "Bookkeeper's Wife         1-16	Female Patients.  Brought forward 116 TEACHING.  Schoolmistresses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS. Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4 Lodging-house Keeper 1 Washerwomen 3 Hawkers 2 Factory Needle Polisher 1 Wives, Widows, or Daughters of Lace Manufacturer, Dyer, Railway Shunter, Table Knife Cutter, Prison Warder, Tailor, Grocer, Lacemaker, Labourer, Bricklayer, Ironfounder, Engineer in Iron Works, Iron
Carried forward         122           Occupations of           DOMESTIC SERVANTS.         Domestic Servants (General)         29           Housemaids         3         3           Cooks         2         2           Laundresses         2         2           Kitchenmaid         1         1           Farm Servants (Domestic)         5         6-48           COTTON.         Cotton Factory Hands         20           SILK.         Silk Mill Hands         2           COAL.         Colliers' Wives         12           "Daughter         1           "Widow         1           Colliery Manager's Wife         1           Bookkeeper's Wife         1-16           LAND.	Female Patients.  Brought forward 116 TEACHING.  Schoolmistresses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS. Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4 Lodging-house Keeper 1 Washerwomen 3 Hawkers 2 Factory Needle Polisher 1 Wives, Widows, or Daughters of Lace Manufacturer, Dyer, Railway Shunter, Table Knife Cutter, Prison Warder, Tailor, Grocer, Lacemaker, Labourer, Bricklayer, Ironfounder, Engineer in Iron Works, Iron
Carried forward         122           Occupations of           DOMESTIC SERVANTS.         Domestic Servants (General)         29           Housemaids         3         3           Cooks         2         2           Laundresses         2         2           Kitchenmaid         1         1           Farm Servants (Domestic)         5         6—48           COTTON.         Cotton Factory Hands         20           SILK.         Silk Mill Hands         2           COAL.         Colliers' Wives         12           "Daughter         1           "Widow         1           Colliery Manager's Wife         1           "Bookkeeper's Wife         1—16           LAND.         Farm Labourers' Wives         12	Female Patients.  Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses 3 Governesses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS. Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4 Lodging-house Keeper 1 Washerwomen 3 Hawkers 2 Factory Needle Polisher 1 Wives, Widows, or Daughters of Lace Manufacturer, Dyer, Railway Shunter, Table Knife Cutter, Prison Warder, Tailor, Grocer, Lacemaker, Labourer, Bricklayer, Ironfounder, Engineer in Iron Works, Iron Works Manager, Engine Driver, Stocking Knitter,
Carried forward         122           Occupations of           DOMESTIC SERVANTS.         Domestic Servants (General)         29           Housemaids         3         3           Cooks         2         2           Laundresses         2         2           Kitchenmaid         1         1           Farm Servants (Domestic)         5         6—48           COTTON.         Cotton Factory Hands         20           SILK.         Silk Mill Hands         2           COAL.         Colliers' Wives         12           "Daughter         1           "Widow         1           Colliery Manager's Wife         1           "Bookkeeper's Wife         1           "Bookkeeper's Wife         1           "Farm Labourers' Wives         12           Farmer's Wife         1	Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses 3 Governesses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS. Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4 Lodging-house Keeper 1 Washerwomen 3 Hawkers 2 Factory Needle Polisher 1 Wives, Widows, or Daughters of Lace Manufacturer, Dyer, Railway Shunter, Table Knife Cutter, Prison Warder, Tailor, Grocer, Lacemaker, Labourer, Bricklayer, Ironfounder, Engineer in Iron Works, Iron Works Manager, Engine Driver, Stocking Knitter, Shoemaker, Joiner, Gardener,
Carried forward         122           Occupations of           DOMESTIC SERVANTS.           Domestic Servants (General)         29           Housemaids         3           Cooks         2           Laundresses         2           Kitchenmaid         1           Farm Servants (Domestic)         5           Charwomen         6—48           COTTON.           Cotton Factory Hands         20           SILK.           Silk Mill Hands         2           Colliers' Wives         12           " Daughter         1           " Widow         1           Colliery Manager's Wife         1           " Bookkeeper's Wife         1           LAND.         Farm Labourers' Wives         12           Farmer's Wife         1           " Widow         1           Farm Bailiff's Daughter         1	Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses 3 Governesses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS. Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4 Lodging-house Keeper 1 Washerwomen 3 Hawkers 2 Factory Needle Polisher 1 Wives, Widows, or Daughters of Lace Manufacturer, Dyer, Railway Shunter, Table Knife Cutter, Prison Warder, Tailor, Grocer, Lacemaker, Labourer, Bricklayer, Ironfounder, Engineer in Iron Works, Iron Works Manager, Engine Driver, Stocking Knitter, Shoemaker, Joiner, Gardener, Painter, Railway Clerk, Stone
Carried forward         122           Occupations of           DOMESTIC SERVANTS.           Domestic Servants (General)         29           Housemaids         3           Cooks         2           Laundresses         2           Kitchenmaid         1           Farm Servants (Domestic)         5           Charwomen         6—48           COTTON.           Cotton Factory Hands         20           SILK.           Silk Mill Hands         2           COAL.         2           Colliers' Wives         12           " Daughter         1           " Widow         1           Colliery Manager's Wife         1           LAND.         1           Farm Labourers' Wives         12           Farmer's Wife         1           " Widow         1           Farm Bailiff's Daughter         1           Farmer's Daughter         1           Farmer's Daughter         1	Brought forward 116 TEACHING.  Schoolmistresses 3 Governesses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS.  Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4 Lodging-house Keeper 1 Washerwomen 3 Hawkers 2 Factory Needle Polisher 1 Wives, Widows, or Daughters of Lace Manufacturer, Dyer, Railway Shunter, Table Knife Cutter, Prison Warder, Tailor, Grocer, Lacemaker, Labourer, Bricklayer, Ironfounder, Engineer in Iron Works, Iron Works Manager, Engine Driver, Stocking Knitter, Shoemaker, Joiner, Gardener, Painter, Railway Clerk, Stone Quarryman, Carter, Currier,
Occupations of  DOMESTIC SERVANTS. Domestic Servants (General) 29 Housemaids 3 Cooks 2 Laundresses 2 Kitchenmaid 1 Farm Servants (Domestic) 5 Charwomen 6—48  COTTON. Cotton Factory Hands 20 SILK. Silk Mill Hands 2  COAL. Colliers' Wives 12  ,, Daughter 1  ,, Widow 1 Colliery Manager's Wife 1  ,, Bookkeeper's Wife 1  ,, Bookkeeper's Wife 1  LAND. Farm Labourers' Wives 12 Farmer's Wife 1  ,, Widow 1  Farm Bailiff's Daughter 1  Farm Bailiff's Daughter 1  Farmer's Daughter 1	Female Patients.  Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses 3 Governesses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS. Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4 Lodging-house Keeper 1 Washerwomen 3 Hawkers 2 Factory Needle Polisher 1 Wives, Widows, or Daughters of Lace Manufacturer, Dyer, Railway Shunter, Table Knife Cutter, Prison Warder, Tailor, Grocer, Lacemaker, Labourer, Bricklayer, Ironfounder, Engineer in Iron Works, Iron Works Manager, Engine Driver, Stocking Knitter, Shoemaker, Joiner, Gardener, Painter, Railway Clerk, Stone Quarryman, Carter, Currier, Commercial Agent, Publican, Higgler, Railway Pointsman,
Occupations of  DOMESTIC SERVANTS. Domestic Servants (General) 29 Housemaids 3 Cooks 2 Laundresses 2 Kitchenmaid 1 Farm Servants (Domestic) 5 Charwomen 6—48  COTTON. Cotton Factory Hands 20 SILK. Silk Mill Hands 2  COAL. Colliers' Wives 12 ,, Daughter 1 ,, Widow 1 Colliery Manager's Wife 1 ,, Bookkeeper's Wife 1 ,, Bookkeeper's Wife 1 ,, Widow 1 Farm Labourers' Wives 12 Farmer's Wife 1 ,, Widow 1 Farm Bailiff's Daughter 1 Farm Bailiff's Daughter 1 Farmer's Daughter 1—16 NEEDLE WORKERS. Dressmakers 7	Female Patients.  Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses 3 Governesses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS. Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4 Lodging-house Keeper 1 Washerwomen 3 Hawkers 2 Factory Needle Polisher 1 Wives, Widows, or Daughters of Lace Manufacturer, Dyer, Railway Shunter, Table Knife Cutter, Prison Warder, Tailor, Grocer, Lacemaker, Labourer, Bricklayer, Ironfounder, Engineer in Iron Works, Iron Works Manager, Engine Driver, Stocking Knitter, Shoemaker, Joiner, Gardener, Painter, Railway Clerk, Stone Quarryman, Carter, Currier, Commercial Agent, Publican, Higgler, Railway Pointsman, Nail Maker, Potter, Butcher,
Occupations of  DOMESTIC SERVANTS. Domestic Servants (General) 29 Housemaids 3 Cooks 2 Laundresses 2 Kitchenmaid 1 Farm Servants (Domestic) 5 Charwomen 6—48 COTTON. Cotton Factory Hands 20 SILK. Silk Mill Hands 2  COAL. Colliers' Wives 12 ,, Daughter 1 ,, Widow 1 Colliery Manager's Wife 1 ,, Bookkeeper's Wife 1 ,, Bookkeeper's Wife 1  Farm Labourers' Wives 12 Farmer's Wife 1 Farm Bailiff's Daughter 1 Farm Bailiff's Daughter 1 Farmer's Daughter 1 Farmer's Daughter 1—16 NEEDLE WORKERS. Dressmakers 7 Seamstresses 5	Female Patients.  Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses 3 Governesses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS. Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4 Lodging-house Keeper 1 Washerwomen 3 Hawkers 2 Factory Needle Polisher 1 Wives, Widows, or Daughters of Lace Manufacturer, Dyer, Railway Shunter, Table Knife Cutter, Prison Warder, Tailor, Grocer, Lacemaker, Labourer, Bricklayer, Ironfounder, Engineer in Iron Works, Iron Works Manager, Engine Driver, Stocking Knitter, Shoemaker, Joiner, Gardener, Painter, Railway Clerk, Stone Quarryman, Carter, Currier, Commercial Agent, Publican, Higgler, Railway Pointsman, Nail Maker, Potter, Butcher, Tin-plate Worker, Wheel-
Carried forward         122           Occupations of           DOMESTIC SERVANTS.           Domestic Servants (General)         29           Housemaids         3           Cooks         2           Laundresses         2           Kitchenmaid         1           Farm Servants (Domestic)         5           Charwomen         6—48           COTTON.           Cotton Factory Hands         20           SILK.           Silk Mill Hands         2           COAL.         2           Colliers' Wives         12           , Daughter         1           , Widow         1           Colliery Manager's Wife         1           , Bookkeeper's Wife         1           , Widow         1           Farm Labourers' Wives         12           Farmer's Wife         1           , Widow         1           Farmer's Daughter         1           , Farmer's Daughter         1           Farmer's Daughter         1           , Farmer's Daughter         1           , Farmer's Daughter         1 <t< td=""><td>Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses 3 Governesses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS. Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4 Lodging-house Keeper 1 Washerwomen 3 Hawkers 2 Factory Needle Polisher 1 Wives, Widows, or Daughters of Lace Manufacturer, Dyer, Railway Shunter, Table Knife Cutter, Prison Warder, Tailor, Grocer, Lacemaker, Labourer, Bricklayer, Ironfounder, Engineer in Iron Works, Iron Works Manager, Engine Driver, Stocking Knitter, Shoemaker, Joiner, Gardener, Painter, Railway Clerk, Stone Quarryman, Carter, Currier, Commercial Agent, Publican, Higgler, Railway Pointsman, Nail Maker, Potter, Butcher, Tin-plate Worker, Wheel- wright 41</td></t<>	Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses 3 Governesses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS. Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4 Lodging-house Keeper 1 Washerwomen 3 Hawkers 2 Factory Needle Polisher 1 Wives, Widows, or Daughters of Lace Manufacturer, Dyer, Railway Shunter, Table Knife Cutter, Prison Warder, Tailor, Grocer, Lacemaker, Labourer, Bricklayer, Ironfounder, Engineer in Iron Works, Iron Works Manager, Engine Driver, Stocking Knitter, Shoemaker, Joiner, Gardener, Painter, Railway Clerk, Stone Quarryman, Carter, Currier, Commercial Agent, Publican, Higgler, Railway Pointsman, Nail Maker, Potter, Butcher, Tin-plate Worker, Wheel- wright 41
Occupations of  DOMESTIC SERVANTS. Domestic Servants (General) 29 Housemaids 3 Cooks 2 Laundresses 2 Kitchenmaid 1 Farm Servants (Domestic) 5 Charwomen 6—48 COTTON. Cotton Factory Hands 20 SILK. Silk Mill Hands 2  COAL. Colliers' Wives 12 ,, Daughter 1 ,, Widow 1 Colliery Manager's Wife 1 ,, Bookkeeper's Wife 1 ,, Bookkeeper's Wife 1  Farm Labourers' Wives 12 Farmer's Wife 1 Farm Bailiff's Daughter 1 Farm Bailiff's Daughter 1 Farmer's Daughter 1 Farmer's Daughter 1—16 NEEDLE WORKERS. Dressmakers 7 Seamstresses 5	Female Patients.  Brought forward 116 TEACHING. Schoolmistresses 3 Governesses 2— 5 MISCELLANEOUS. Schoolmasters Widow 1 Housekeepers 4 Lodging-house Keeper 1 Washerwomen 3 Hawkers 2 Factory Needle Polisher 1 Wives, Widows, or Daughters of Lace Manufacturer, Dyer, Railway Shunter, Table Knife Cutter, Prison Warder, Tailor, Grocer, Lacemaker, Labourer, Bricklayer, Ironfounder, Engineer in Iron Works, Iron Works Manager, Engine Driver, Stocking Knitter, Shoemaker, Joiner, Gardener, Painter, Railway Clerk, Stone Quarryman, Carter, Currier, Commercial Agent, Publican, Higgler, Railway Pointsman, Nail Maker, Potter, Butcher, Tin-plate Worker, Wheel-



